Laments カンメ

Translations of Eikhah for our world

This translation of Laments, the book of mourning poems read on Tish'a B'Av, uses principles of the Buber-Rosenzweig Bible. It strives to be "concordant", translating related Hebrew words with related English words and following the order and syntax of the Hebrew where possible. It also focuses on the more physical, earthy meaning of words, in order to draw the modern reader towards more ancient ways of seeing and feeling. Sometimes alternate translations are given, indicated by a slash. (When reading aloud, simply pick one of the translations. For YHVH, you can read Adonai or Hashem or "the Eternal".) James Moffat's 1922 translation was consulted. As a somewhat literal translation, Laments uses "He" and "His" as pronouns for God, though Torah and common sense command us not to make an exclusively male or female image of God. If you are using Laments liturgically, please feel encouraged to change the pronouns. For brief essays on the theology of Eikhah, refugees, the Earth, and more, see the end of this booklet.



Laments 4:1, Margaret Adams Parker www.margaretadamsparker.com used with permission



Read sections from Rabbi Seidenberg's groundbreaking book, now in paperback, *Kabbalah and Ecology: God's Image in the More-Than-Human World* (Cambridge U., 2015) at kabbalahandecology.com.

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כהניה נאנחים Her priests are moaning, בָתוּלֹתֵיהַ נּוּגוֹת her girls grieving;

וָהֵיא מַר־לַהּ:

איביה שלו

כֵּי־יָהֹוָה הוֹגַהָּ

על רב־פַשַעיה

עולליה הלכו שבי

ן וַיָּצֵא מָן־בַּת־צִיּוֹן

הַיִּוּ שַׂרִיהַ כָּאַיַּלִים

לא־מַצָאָוּ מָרַעָּה

וַיֶּלְכָוּ בָלֹא־כָחַ

לפני רודף:

כַל־הַדַרָה

הַיּוּ צָרֵיהַ לְרֹאשׁ 📊

And she – it is bitterness for her.

5 Her tormentors were at the head,

her enemies had ease

For YHVH / the Eternal aggrieved her

for the greatness of her sins.

Her babes walked captive

before foe;

6 and all her splendor went out from

daughter Zion!

Her ministers were like deer,

not finding a place to graze;

and (so) they walked, without strength,

before a pursuer.

7 Jerusalem remembered

the days of her poverty / affliction

and her downsliding,

all her precious things

which were from days long ago,

while her people fell into a foe's hand;

and there is no help for her.

They saw her, her tormentors,

laughing over her becoming stilled.

8 Sinning she sinned, Jerusalem.

CHAPTER 1

העיר רבתי עם הַיִתָה כָאַלְמַנָה רבתי בגוים שׁרֹתי בּמִדינוֹת רַ בַּכוֹ תִבְכֵּה בַּלַּיִלָה

וְדִמְעָתָהֹ עַל לֶחֱיָה ילה מנחם ־אָהבֵיהַ

היו לה לאיבים:

ל גּלְתָּה יְהוּדָה מַעני ומרב עברה הָיא יַשְבַה בַגּוֹיִם

לא מצאה מנוח

כַל־רֹדָפֵיהַ הִשִּׂיגִוּהַ

ד דַרַבִּי צִיּוֹן אבַלוֹת מִבַּלִי בַּאֵי מוֹעֵׁד

1 Eikhah! How can it be -

she sat alone,

the city so great / so swelled with people?

She was like a widow.

The one great among the nations,

ministering among the states,

became a slave caste.

2 Crying, she will cry in the night,

her tear upon her cheek

There is none for her, no comforter,

from all her lovers.

All her companions

played traitor with her.

They became for her enemies.

3 She, Judah, was exiled,

by poverty, and by (so) much hard labor

She sat among the nations,

not finding any rest;

All her pursuers caught up with her

between the confined places.

4 Zion's roads are mourning

from being without festival-goers,

all her gates desolated;

אַשֵר הַיִּוּ מֵימֵי קָרָם

בִּנְפָּל עַמָּה בִיַר־צָּׁר

אָם־יֵשׁ מַכָאוֹב ׁכָּמַכָאבִי אשר עולל לי אשר הוגה יהוה בִיוֹם חַרוֹן אַפִּוֹ: יג מִמָּרוֹם שֶׁלַח־אֵשׁ בעצמתי וירדנה פַרשׁ רַשַּת לְרַגְלַיׂ השִׁיבֵנִי אַחוֹר נתנני שממה כל־הַיִּוֹם דוָה: יד נשקר על פשעי בַיַרוֹ ישִׁתַרגוּ עלו על־צוארי הַכִּשֵׁיל כֹחי נתנני ארני בידי לא־אוכל קום: בָל־אַבִּירַי | אֲדֹנָי בְּקְרְבִּי קרַא עַלַי מוֹעָד לשבר בחורי לָבַתוּלַת בַּת־יָהוּרָה: כזז על־אַלה | אני בוֹכִיה

all who pass on the way. (All of you) look, and see – could there be pain like my pain which was doled out to me, which YHVH caused to grieve in the day of His furious anger? 13 From a height He sent fire He spread out a net for my feet;

in my bones and overwhelmed them. He turned me / repelled me backward; He made me desolate, all day - sickness.

14 The harness of my sins lashed on, they were tied down by His hand, brought up onto my neck, making my strength fail. Adonai gave me over into (such) hands that I am unable to stand up.

15 Adonai spurned all my mighty warriors within me, He called out over me a feast for breaking my boys; a winepress—Adonai stomped for daughter Judah's girl.

16 Over these, I am crying;

עַל־כֵּן לְנִידָה הָיָתָה בֶּל־מְכַבְּדֶיהָ הִזִּילוּהָ כִּי־רַאָּוּ עָרַוַתַּה גַּם־הֵיא נַאַנְחַה וַתַשַב אַחור: ט טָמִאָתָה בִּשוּלֵיהַ לָא זָכָרָה אַחֲרִיתָּה ותרד פּלאים רָאָה יָהֹוָה אֶת־עַנִיִּי כי הגדיל אויב: ל ידוֹ פַרַשׁ צַּׁר ַעָל כָּל־מַחֲמַדֵּיָהַ בִּי־רָאֲתָה גוֹיִם באוּ מַקַרשה אשר צויתה לא־יבאו בקהל לה: יא כָּל־עַמָּה נָאֶנָחִים מָבַקּשֵׁים לַחָם נַתְנַוּ מַחמַודִיהַם בַּאָכל לָהשֵיב נפש וַהַבִּיטה כַּי היִיתִי זוֹללְה: יך לוא אַלִיכֵם

For this an outcast / *nidah* she became. All who honor her despise her, for they saw her nakedness. Also her, she is moaning, and turned around backward. 9 Her blood / tum'ah in her skirts, she didn't remember her end after, she descended wondrously. There is no comforter for her. YHVH, see my poverty / my humiliation, for an enemy became great. 10 A foe / Trauma spread out his hand over all her precious things; She saw other nations

come within her holy place, which You commanded her: "They won't come in with the community to you."

seeking bread; They gave up their precious things for food to restore life. See, YHVH, and look (at how) I was despised.

11 All her people are moaning

12 Never to you,

נָהָפַּךְ לִבִּי בַקַרְבִּי כֵי מַרוֹ מַרִיתִי מָתִוּץ שָׁכִּלָה־חֵרֵב בַבַּיָת כַמַוַת: רא שָׁמְעוֹ כֵּי נָאֱנָחָה אָׁנִי אַין מְנַחֵם לִּי כל־איבַי שַמִעַוּ שַׁשׁוּ כֵּי אַתַּה עַשִּׂיתַ הֶבֶאתַ יוֹם־קַרָאתַ וַיָהִיוּ כַמְוֹנִי: רַלַ תָּבֹא כָל־רָעָתָם לְפָּנֶּיךּ ועוֹלֵל לָמוֹ כַּאֲשֶׁר עוֹלַלְתָּ לִי עַל כָּל־פְּשָׁעֻי בידרבות אנחתי וַלְבֵי דַוַּי:

my heart overturned within me, for rebelling I rebelled. From outside sword bereaving; In the house, like death itself.

- 21 They listened for I am moaning, there is no comforter for me. All my enemies listened for my evil (doom). They rejoiced, for You did it, You brought the day You called for – and let them be(come) like me.
- 22 May all their evil come before You, and deal to them as You dealt to me for all my sins. For so much are my sighs, and my heart is sickened.

CHAPTER 2

אַדני אַת־בַּת־צִיּוֹן השליך משמים ארץ 1 Eikhah! How can it be – in His anger Adonai / the Lord clouded over daughter Zion. He cast down, from skies (to) earth, Israel's glory,

עיני | עִינִי יִרְדַה מַּיִם כֵּי־רַחַק מִמֵּנִי מִנַחָם היו בני שוממים כֵּי גַבַר אוֹיֵב: לֹן פַּרְשָּׁה צִיּוֹן בִּיָבִיהַ אַין מְנַחֵם לָּה צוה יהוה ליעקב הַיִתַה יִרוּשַׁלֵם לנהה ביניהם: לךן צַדָּיק הָוּא יָהוָה כֵי פֵיהוּ מַרִיתִי שִׁמְעוּ־נָאַ כָל־הַעַמִּים וראו מכאבי בתולתי ובחורי יטן קראתי לַמִאַהבַי המה רמוני כֵּי־בַקשוּ אֹכֵל לַמוּ וַיַשִׁיבוּ אָת־נַפִּשֵׁם: ר רָאָה יְהֹנֶיֻה כֵּי־צַר־לִּי

my eye, my eye, she drops water. For so far from me is any comforter, a restorer for my life. My children were decimated, for an enemy overwhelmed / triumphed.

17 Zion spread out with her hands, there is no comforter for her. YHVH commanded for Jacob, surrounding him, his tormentors. Jerusalem became outcast / nidah between them.

18 Righteous is YHVH, for His mouth I rebelled (against). Listen, please—all peoples and see my pain! My girls and my boys walked captive / into captivity.

19 I called to my lovers. Those deceived me.

My priests, and my elders, they wasted away in the city, while they sought food for themselves (that) would bring back their life / soul.

20 See YHVH – for mine is torment, my guts were churning,

ן וַיַּחָמָס כַּגַּן שָּׂכֹוּ שָׁכַּח יָהֹוַיָה | בִּצִיּוֹוֹן וינאץ בזעם־אפּוֹ ן וַבַּח אֱרֹנַיִ | מְזַבַּחוֹ הָסָגִיר בַּיַד־אוֹיב חומת אַרמַנוֹתיָיה קול נתנו בבית־יהוה ר חשב יהוה | להשחית חוֹמַת בַּת־צִיּוֹן נַטַה לֵּו לא-השיב ידו אבל־חל וחומה מלכה ושביה בגוים אין תורה

undermined His fortifications; And He multiplied in daughter Zion grief and groaning.

- 6 Like a garden, He tore apart His sukkah, destroyed His feast. YHVH caused Shabbat and festival to be forgotten in Zion, by the rage of His anger king and priest.
- 7 Adonai abhorred His altar, disdained His holy place. He made shut with an enemy's hand the walls of her citadels. They gave a shout in YHVH's house like a festival day.
- 8 YHVH plotted to ruin daughter Zion's wall, stretched a line, didn't turn back His hand from swallowing up, and He made rampart and wall mourn, together made wretched.
- 9 They drowned in the earth, her gates. He smashed and broke her bars. Her king and her ministers in the nations, there is no Torah / no teaching.

רַ בִּלַּע אֲדנָי לָא חָמֵׁל אָת כָּל־נִאֲוֹת יַעַלְּב מבצבי בת־יהודה הָנֵיעַ לַאַרץ חלֵל מַמִלָּכָה וִשְּׁרֵיהָ: לַ נַּדַע בַּחַרי־אַר גֹּ כַל קַרַן יִשְׂרָאֵל הַשֵּׁיב אַחור יִמִינוֹ להבה אכלה סביב: דרַר קשַתוֹ כַאוֹיב היה אדני | כַּאוֹיב

and didn't remember His foot's resting place in His day of anger.

2 Adonai devoured—He had no pity all of Jacob's pastures.

He tore down with His burning daughter Judah's fortifications; He reached to the very ground.

He violated kingdom and her ministers.

3 With ferocious anger He hacked off all of Israel's horn.

He turned His right hand backward before the enemy.

Burning into Jacob, like fire flaming, consuming (all) around.

4 He worked His bow like an enemy, He stood firm His right hand

as a foe / a tormentor

and He murdered everything

precious to the eye;

In daughter Zion's tent

He poured out His wrath like the fire.

5 Adonai was like an enemy;

He devoured / swallowed Israel.

He devoured all her citadels,

בַתוּלַת בַת־צִיּוֹן כֵּי־גַּדִוֹל כַיַּם שָׁבָרֵךְ לך נביאַיר חזו לר וְלְא־גִלָּוּ עַל־עַוֹנַךְ לָהשַׁיב שַבוּתרְ מַשְאָוֹת שֵׁוָא וּמַדוּחֵים: מזר ספקו עליה כפים כל־עַברי דרך שרקו וינעו ראשם עַל־בַּוּת יִרוּשָׁלָם הואת העיר שיאמרו כלילת יפי בַּשְׂוֹשׁ לְכַל־הָאָרֵץ: מז פצו עליר פיהם כל־אוֹיבֹיך שרקו ויחרקו־שו אַמִרוּ בַּלֹעַנוּ אַר זָה הַיִּוֹם שֵׁקְוִינָהוּ מצאנו ראינו: לן עַשָּׁה יִהֹנָה אֱשֵׁר וַכָּם בַצַע אמרתוֹ

(that) I may comfort you, daughter Zion's girl? For great, like the sea, is your shattering - who will bring healing to you? 14 For you did your prophets envision deception, and irrelevance, revealing nothing for your wrong to turn back your destiny / your captivity, and they envisioned for you a burden of deceit and dejections. 15 They struck their hands over you, all who passed on the road, they hissed and they shook their head over daughter Jerusalem: "Is this it? The city they said (was) beauty's completion, joy's source for all the earth?" 16 They crack open their mouth over you, all your enemies. They hissed, and they grit teeth. They said: We swallowed; Akh! This day that we hoped for, we found, we saw!

לא־מַצאוּ חַוּון מֵיהוַה: ל ישבו לארץ יִדְמוּ זִקְנֵי בַת־צְּיּוֹן העלו עפר על־ראשם חגרו שקים הורידו לארץ ראשן בתולת ירושלם: לאַ כָּלוּ בַדְּמָעַוֹת צֵינֵי חֲמַרְמִרוּ מֵעַי נִשְׁפַּרְ לָאָרץ כִבֵּדִי בַּעַטֵף עוֹלֵל וִיוֹנֶק בָּרַחֹבָוֹת קַר<u>י</u>ה: יל לְאִמֹתָם יְאמְלוּ כַחלל בַּרַחבות עִיר בַהשתפר נַפשם אַל־חֵיק אָמֹתַם: יג מָה־אֲצִיבֵּרְ מָה אַרַמָּה־לַּרְּ הַבַּת יַרוּשׁלֵם מה אשוה־לר

Also her prophets, They found no vision from YHVH. 10 They sat down to the earth, they stayed silent, daughter Zion's elders, they lifted dust over their head, tied on sackcloth. They let their head down to the earth, Jerusalem's girls. 11 My eyes were used up by the tears, my guts churned up, my liver poured out to the ground over the shattering of my daughter people, with exhaustion of babe and suckling in the town's squares. 12 To their mothers they would say, "Where is grain and wine?", stretching themselves out, like a corpse, in city streets, with their life-force pouring itself out onto their mothers' chest. 13 What can I make testify? What will I liken to you? O daughter Jerusalem!

17 YHVH did what He conspired;

He pushed through His saying

What can I compare to you

על שַּבְבּוּ לָאָרֵץ חוּצוֹת נַצְר וְזָלֵן בְּתוּלֹתִי וּבַחוּרֵי נְפְלוּ בָחָרֶב טָבַחְתָּ לְּא חָמֶלְתָּ: מְגוּרֵי מִסָּבִים מְגוּרֵי מִסָּבִים מְגוּרֵי מִסָּבִים מְגוּרֵי מִסָּבִים מְלִיט וְשָּׂרֵיר אִיבִי כִלָּם:

21 Laid down to the earth (in the) streets, young and old, my girls and my boys, they fell by sword;

You murdered in the day of Your anger.

You slaughtered, You had no pity.

22 You would call, like a festival day,

(for) my neighbors from all around;
and (so) in YHVH's day of anger
there weren't any escaped or remaining
which I had nursed and raised –
my enemy finished them all.

CHAPTER 3

ל אַני הַנָּבֶר רָאָה עֲנִי בְּשֵׁבֶט עֶבְרָתְוֹּ: תְשֵׁךְ וְלֹא־אְוֹר: עַ אַרְ בִּי יָשֶׁב יָהַפִּךְ יָדִוֹ כַּל־הַיִּוֹם:

> ד בִּלָּה בְשָּׂרִי וְעוֹרִי שִׁבַּרְ עַצְמוֹתִי: דוֹ בָּנָה עָלֵיְ וַיַּקָף רָאשׁ וּתְלָאָה:

- 1 I am the man who saw affliction through the rod of His burning anger.
- 2 Me did He drive and He led darkness and no light;
- 3 *Akh* Even against me He turned upending His hand, all the day.
- 4 He wore away my flesh and my skin, He broke my bones;
- 5 He built against me and surroundedgall and wormwood.

אַשֵר צוָה מִימֵי־לֶּדֶם הַרַס וִלְּא חַמַּל וַיְשַׂמַח עָלַיִרְ אוֹיֵב הַרָים הַרָן צָרַירְ: ירן צַעָק לִבָּם אֶל־אֲדֹנָיִ חוֹמַת בַּת־צִּיּוֹן הוֹרִידִי כַנַּחַל דִּמִעָה יוֹמם ולילה אַל־תִּתְנֵי פוּגַת לֶּךְ אַל־תִּדָם בַּת־עֵינֵך: ומן קומי |רני בַלַילה לראש אַשְׁמְרוֹת שָׁפָּבֶי כַמַּיִם לְבֵּׁךְ נָכַח פַּנֵי אַרֹנֵי שאי אליו כפֿיך עַל־נָפִשׁ עִוֹלָלַיִּךְ הַעַטוּפֵים בָּרַעָב בַרֹאשׁ כַל־חוּצִוֹת: רַ רְאָה יְהֹנָה וְהַבִּיטָה לְמָי עוֹלַלְלְתָ כְּה אָם־תֹאַלַלְנָה נָשִים פָּרִיָם עַללִי טַפַּחָים אָם־יֵהָרֶג בְּמִקְרַשׁ אֲדֹנָי כֹהֵן וְנָבֵיא:

which He commanded from early days.

He tore down and showed no pity.

He made an enemy rejoice over you;

your tormentors' horn was exalted.

18 Their heart screamed out to *Adonai*.

Wall of daughter Zion,

let down a tear like a torrent, day and night.

Don't give yourself any break;

Don't let your daughter eye fall silent.

19 Get up! Sing out in the night to the first of the nightwatches:

Pour out your heart like water right before *Adonai*!

Lift your palms toward Him – for the life of your babies stretched out by famine at every street head!

20 See, YHVH, and look:
to whom did You deal thus?
If women will eat their fruit,
coddled babies—!
If priest and prophet are murdered
in Adonai's holy place—!

טז וַיַּגַרָס בֵּחַצַץ שׁנַּי הָכִפִּישֵׁנֵי בַּאָפֵר: יז וַתִּוְנַח מִשֶּׁלְוֹם נַפְשִׁי נַשֵּיתִי טוֹבה: ית נאמר אַבֵּד נִצְחִי ותוחלתי מיהוה:

וּמְרוּדָי לַעֲנָה וָרָאשׁ: ל זַכָּוֹר תִּזְכַּוֹר ּוְתָשְׁוֹחַ עָלַיֻ נַפְשִׁיּ רא זָאת אָשִיב אֶל־לְבָּי צַל־כַן אוֹחֵיל:

> כל חַסְרֵי יְהֹנָה כֵי לא־תמנוּ בִּי לֹא־כָלָוּ רַחֲמָיוּ: כל חֲדָשִׁים לַבְּקָּלִים ַרַבָּה אֱמוּנָתֵּך: רד הֶלְקֵי יְהֹנָה עַל־כּן אוֹחֵיל לְוֹ:

> > רה טַוֹב יָהֹוָה

16 He broke my teeth with gravel, and pressed me into the ashes.

17 My soul was spurned from peace; I forgot goodness,

18 and I said, "I have lost from YHVH my endurance and my hope!"

19 Remember my affliction and my scattering – wormwood and gall;

20 Remembering, she will remember, my soul, and will sink down upon me.

21 (Still) this will I turn toward my heart, for so will I hope:

22 YHVH's love / kindnesses

- they are never done, for His mercies were not used up.

23 They are new by every morning; great is Your trust / faithfulness!

24 My portion is YHVH

-said my soultherefore so will I hope for Him.

25 Good is YHVH to those waiting for Him,

ז גַּדָר בַעַדִי ולא אצא רן גם כי אועק ואשוע שתם תפלתי: בגוית נתיבתי עוה:

י דַב אַרֵב הוּא לִי אָרֵי בִּמְסִתַּרֵים: יא דָרָכַי סוֹרֶר וַיְפַשְׁחַגִי יל בַּרַךְ קַשְׁתוֹ וַיַּצִּיבֵׁנִי בַמַטַרָא לַחָץ:

יג הַבִיא בְּכִלְיוֹתָי יד הַיֵיתִי שָּׁחֹק לְכַל־עַּמִּי נגינתם כל־הַיָּוֹם: כזן השביעני במרורים

6 In darkening-nights He made me dwell like those ever dead;

7 He barricaded against me, and I cannot go out / get away, He weighed down my bronze (shackle).

8 Even when I would cry and plea, He stopped up my prayer;

9 He barricaded my ways with stone blocks; my paths He twisted.

10 For me He was a bear ambushing, a lion in hiding places / stalking;

11 My ways He diverts and He would tear me up; He made me desolate.

12 He worked His bow and made me stand as the target for the arrow;

13 He guided into my kidneys what came from His quiver,

14 I was a laughingstock for all my people, their song all the day.

15 He sated me with bitter herbs, and overfilled me with wormwood;

אַדנָי לָא רַאָה:

לז מֵי זֶהְ אָמַר וַתִּׁהִי ָאַרנָיָ לָא צִוָּה: לַח מִפַּי עֵלִיוֹן לֹא תֵצֵא הַרעוֹת וַהַטְּוֹב: לט מַה־יִתאוֹגֵן אָדָם חָי גבר על־חַטאַיו:

מ נַחִפִּשָׂה דַרַבִּינוּ וַנַחִקֹרַה ינשובה עד־יהוה: מא נשא לבבנו אַל־אָל בַּשַּׁמַיִם: מל נַחָנוּ פַּמַּעְנוּ וּמָרִינוּ אַתָּה לָא סַלַחִתַּ:

> מל סֹכַּעה בֹאַף הרגת לא חמלת: מד סַכַּוֹתָה בֵעָנַן לַּדְּ מֵעֲבָוֹר תִפַלַה: מה סחי ומאוס בַקרב הַעַמֵים:

struggle – wouldn't Adonai see (that)?

- 37 Who is this who spoke and it was - didn't *Adonai* so command?
- 38 From the mouth of the Highest don't the evils and the good come out?
- 39 How could a living person complain, a man, (if punished) for his sins?
- 40 Let us search our ways and dig deep, and let us return until YHVH,
- 41 Let us lift our hearts up to our hands (stretching them) toward God in the heavens.
- 42 Us, we sinned and rebelled. You – You did not pardon.
- 43 You took shelter in such anger, and You would pursue us, You murdered without pitying;
- 44 You sheltered Yourself within a cloud, far beyond prayer;
- 45 Scum and refuse You would make us in the midst of the peoples.

לנפש תדרשנו: טַוֹב וְיַחִיל וְדוּמֵׁם לתשועת יהוה: רז טוב לַגֶּבֶר בִּי־יִשֵּא עִל בִּנִעוּרֵיו:

כת ישב בָּדָר וְיִהֹם בֵּי נָטַל עַלֵיו: רַט יִתַּן בֶּעָפָר פִּיהוּ אולי יש תקוה: ל יתן למכהו לחי ישַבַע בַחַרפַה:

לא כֵּי לָא יִזְנַח לְעוֹלָם אֲדֹנָי: לַלַ כִּי אִם־הוֹגָּה וְרַחַםְ בָּרָב חֲסָדֵיוּ: לג כֵי לָא עִנָּה מִלְבוֹ וַיַּגָּהָ בָּנֵי־אֵישׁ:

לך לְדַכֵּא תַחַת רַגּלָיו לה להטות משפטרגבר to a soul / person that would seek Him.

- 26 Good and he should wait and be silent, wait for YHVH's salvation.
- 27 Good it is for a man that he carry a yoke in his youth.
- 28 Let him sit alone and be silent, since He laid (it) on him;
- 29 he should put his mouth in the dust maybe there is hope;
- 30 Put out his cheek for the one who strikes, be satiated with shame.
- 31 For Adonai would not spurn forever;
- 32 for if He aggrieved and showed mercy, it is according to His love's abundance;
- 33 for He did not afflict from His heart and aggrieve human beings.
- 34 To crush under His feet all imprisoned of the land,
- 35 to make bent a man's judgment, right to the face of the Highest,
- 36 to twist / wrong a person in his

אַל־תַּעָלֵם אָזִנְרֶּ לְרַוְחָתִי לִשַׁוּעַתִי: לַן קַרַבְתָּ בְּיָוֹם אֶקְרָאֶׁרָ אַמַרַתּ אַל־תִּירֵא:

לַתְ רַבְּתָּ אֲדֹנָיֶ ריבֵי נַפְשִי נָאַלֹתַ חַיֵּי: ַלָטַ רָאַיתָה יְהֹנָה עַנָּתָתִי שַׁבְּטַה מִשְׁבַּטֵי: ק רָאִיתָה כָּל־נִקמַתַּם כל־מַחַשבתם לֵי:

סא שָׁמַעְהָ חֶרְפָּתָם יְהֹוָה כל־מַחַשבתם עלי: סל אַפֿעֿי צֿמֿי וְהֶגְיוֹנָם עָלַיֻ כָּל־הַיְּוֹם: סג שִבְתָּם וְקִימָתָם הַבִּיטָה אֵנִי מַנִגִּינַתָם

סד תַשִּׁיב לַהֵם גִּמְוּל יהוה כמעשה ידיהם: סה תּתֵן לָהֶם מִגנַּת־לֶב תַאלתַר להַם: סן תִּרְדָּף בָּאַף וִתַשְּׁמִידֵּם מִתַחַת שָׁמֵי יָהֹוָה:

Don't hide / conceal your ear to my (plea for) relief, to my cry.

57 You were near the day I would call, You said, "Don't fear."

- 58 Adonai, You struggled (in) my soul's struggles; You saved my life.
- 59 You saw my twisting; (now) judge my judgment!
- 60 You saw all their vengeance all their designs for me.
- 61 You heard their shaming, YHVH, all their designs against me,
- 62 the speech of those rising at me, their obsession over me every day,
- 63 (whether) sitting or rising up Look! I am their singsong!
- 64 You will pay them back, YHVH, according to the work of their hands; 65 You will make theirs a heart walled
- up let Your curse be for them! 66 Pursue in anger and destroy them

from under YHVH's heavens.

מן פַּצִוּ עַלֵינוּ פִּיהָם כל־איבינו: מז פַּחַר וָפַחַת הָיָה לָגַוּ :הַשַּׁאַת וָהַשַּׁבֵרי מת פַּלְגִי־מַיִם תַּרָד עֵינִי עַל־שבר בַת־עַמַי:

ולא תדמה מֵאֵין הַכַּגוֹת: ן עַר־יַשְׁקֵיף וורא יהוה משמים: לאַ צִינִי עְוֹלְלָה לְנַפְּשִׁי מִכַּל בַּנוֹת עִירֵי:

לַלַ צָּוֹר צָּרָוּנִי כַּצִּפָּוֹר לַל צֶמְתַוּ בַבּוֹר חַיָּי וַיַּדוּ־אָבֵן בֵי: לך צפורמים על־ראשי אַמַרתִי נִגְזַרַתִּי:

לַן קָרָאתִי שִּׁמְדְּ יְהֹנָה מָבַוֹר תַחָתִיּוֹת: ון קולי שַמַעת

- 46 All our enemies crack open their mouth against us;
- 47 Trepidation and trap were ours, the ruination and the shattering.
- 48 My eye drops floods of water for my daughter people's shattering;

מט ציני נגרה 49 My eye streams and won't silence herself, (she cries) with no breaks / no stutters, 50 until YHVH would look down and see from heaven. 51 My eye doles sorrow to my soul

- 52 Hunting, they hunted me, like a bird, (becoming) my enemies for no reason;
- 53 they sealed off my life in the pit, and cast stone against me;
- 54 waters flowed over my head, "I am cut off," I said.

over all my city's daughters.

- 55 I called Your name, YHVH, from a pit far underground.
- 56 You heard my voice:

מֶחַטַּאַת סְדָם הַהַפּוּכָה כִמוֹ־רַגַע וַלא־חַלוּ בַהְ יַדֵיִם: ז וַכּוּ נַזִירִיהֹ מַשְּׁלֹג אַרָמוּ עָצם מַפַּנִינִים ר חַשַּׁרְ מִשׁחוֹר לא נכרו בחוצות צפַר עורם על־עצַמם יַבָשׁ הַיָה כַעֵץ: כז טובים היו חללי־חרב שהם יזובו מדקרים מתנובת שדי: ל יָדִי נשִׁים רַחמנַיּוֹת בַשָּׁלְוּ יַלְדיהוּ הַיִּוּ לְבַרוֹת לֹמוֹ בַּשבר בַת־עַמַי: יא כִּלָּהְ יְהֹנָה אֶת־חֲמָתׁוֹ שפר חרון אפו וַיַּצֵת־אֱשׁ בַּצִיּוֹן וַתָּאכַל יִסוֹדֹתֵיהַ: יך לא האַמִּינוּ

grew great, beyond the sin of Sodom, the one overthrown, as (in) a moment, and no hands were laid on her.

- 7 Her Nazirites were pure beyond snow, clearer than milk, red of bone, more than rubies, their cut shape sapphire crystal.
- 8 (Now) darkened beyond black soot is their form, they are not recognized in the streets, their skin stretched taut over their bone, it was dried out like a stick.
- 9 Better were the sword-slain than the famine-slain, for those drain away, stabbed through from (want of) produce of the field.
- 10 Merciful hands of merciful women stewed their children they became provision for them in the shattering of my daughter people.
- 11 YHVH used up His fury, poured out His burning anger, and He kindled a fire in Zion, and she consumed her foundations. 12 They would not have believed,

CHAPTER 4

אַיכָה אַיכָה ישנא הכתם הטוב תשתפכנה אבני־קדש בַרֹאשׁ כּל־חוּצוֹת: רַ בָּנֵי צִיּוֹן הַיִּקַרִים המסלאים בפז איכה נחשבו מַעשה ידי יוצר: גַם־תַּנִּים חָלְצוּ שֵׁר הַינִיקוּ גּוּרֵיהֵן בַת־עַמַי לָאַכַּוֹר כַיעַנִים בַמִּדבַר: ד דבה לשון יונק אל־חַכּוֹ בַצמא עוֹלַלִים שָאַלוּ לֵחֵם פַרשׁ אֵין להם: הַאָּכִלִים לְמֵעֲדַנִּים נשמו בחוצות הַאָמִנִים עַלֵי תוּלַע ן וַיָּגַדַּל עוון בַּת־עַמִּי

- 1 Eikhah! How can it be gold becomes dull, the best gold transmuted, stones of the holy poured / dumped out at every street head;
- 2 Zion's children, precious ones, weighed against the purest gold – how can it be that they are counted as clay jars, work of a maker's hands?
- 3 Even jackals draw out a breast, would give suck to their cubs. (But) my daughter people – so cruel, like ostriches in the wilderness.
- 4 A suckling's tongue, stuck to its palate with such thirst; babes sought bread – none break it off for them.
- 5 The ones who eat for delicacies were wasted in the streets, the ones nursed on scarlet were hugging trash heaps.
- 6 And my daughter people's iniquity

בַּצְפַיַתנוּ צָפִּינוּ אֱל־גַּוֹי מִלֶּכֵת בַּרְחבֹתֵינוּ קָרָב קצֵינוּ מָלְאָוּ יָמֵינוּ יט קַלְיִם הָיוּ רֹדְפֵּינוּ מנשרי שמים על-ההרים דּללְנוּ בַּמִּדְבָּר אָרְבוּ לָנוּ: רַ רַוּחַ אַפִּינוּ מְשְיחַ יְהֹנָה נַלְכַּד בַּשְׁחַיתוֹתם אַשֶּר אָלַרנוּ בִּצִּלְוֹ לא שַּׁישִּׁי וְשִּׁמְחִי בַּת־אֱדֹּוֹם לֹ יושבת באבץ עוץ גַם־עָלַיִרְ תַּעֵבָר־כּוֹס תִשְׁכָרֵי וִתְתַעֲרִי: לא יוֹסֵיף לְהַגַלוֹתְרָּ ּגִּלַּהְ עַל־חַטֹאתָיִר:

In our seeking, we sought / we peered toward a nation not (able to) save. 18 They hunted / tracked our steps,

(driven) from going in our squares. Our end draws close, our days filled, for our end has come.

19 Swift were they, our pursuers, more than eagles of the heavens. Over the mountains they chased us, in the wilderness they laid ambush for us.

- 20 Breath of our nose, YHVH's anointed, he was trapped by their destructions, (the one) whom we said, "In his shade we will live with the nations."
- 21 Rejoice and be happy, daughter Edom, dwelling in the land of Utz a cup will also pass over (to) you, you will drink and strip yourself naked.
- 22 Complete be your iniquity, daughter Zion, no more to be exiled / exposed. He has charged your iniquity, daughter Edom, exposed (you) for your sins.

כל ישבי תבל בַי יַבֹא צֵר וִאוֹיֶב בשערי ירושלם: יג מַחַּטָּאת נְבִיאֶּיהָ צַוֹנְוֹת כְּהַנֵיָהַ הַשֹּׁפְכֵים בָקרבַה דם צדיקים: לד נעו עורים בַחוּצות נִגְאַלְוּ בַּדָּם בלא יוכלו יָּגְעָר בַּלְבַשֵּיהֵם: מזר סורו טמא קראוּ למוֹ סַוּרוּ סֿוּרוּ אַל־תִּגַּעוּ כי נצו גם־נעו אמרוֹ בּגוֹים לא יוסיפו לגור: חללם לא יוסיף פַנֵי כָהנִים לָא נַשֵּׁאוּ וּוָקַנִים לְא חַנֵנוּ: עוֹבִינוּ תִּכִלֵינָה עֵיבִּינוּ אַל־עַזַרתַנוּ הַבַּל

kings of the earth all the inhabitants of the world, that tormentor and enemy would come into the gates of Jerusalem -

- 13 because of her prophets' sins, her priests' wrongs / iniquities, the ones who poured out inside her the blood of righteous people.
- 14 They were shaking / staggering, blind in the streets, defiled with the blood, with none able / none willing (to) come in contact with their clothes.
- 15 "Get out! Contaminated! / Tamei!" they would call to them, "Get out! Get out! Don't touch!" For they fled, even staggered. They said in the nations, they will no more (be allowed) to dwell.
- 16 YHVH's presence / face divided them, He would no more look at them / notice them – (for) priest's faces they did not lift up, and (to) elders they did not show grace. 17 Still will our eyes be used up / failing,

toward our help, (which is) emptiness.

יך שָּׂרִים בְּיָדֶם נִתְלוּ פָּגֵי זְקַנִים לָא נֶהְדֶּרוּ: לל בַּחוּרִים טְחַוֹן נָשָּׁאוּ וּנְעַרִים בַּעַץ כַשַּלוּ: יך זַקנִים מִשַּׁעַר שֶׁבָּתוּ בַחוּרֵים מִנְגִינַתַם: טן שָבַת מִשְּׂושׁ לְבֵּנוּ נהפך לאבל מחלנו: רוז נפלה עטרת ראשנו אָוֹי־נָא לָנִוּ כֵּי חָטָאנוּ: לן עַל־וָה הָיָה דְוֵה לְבֵּנוּ עַל־אָלֵה חַשְׁכִוּ עֵינֵינוּ: לךן על הַר־צִיוֹן שַשַּׁמַם שוּעָלִים הִלְכוּ־בְוֹ: לכן אתה יהוה לעולם תשב בִּסְאַרָּ לִּדָר וַדְוֹר: ר לָמָה לָנֶצַח תִּשְׂכָּחֵנוּ תַּעַזְבֵנָוּ לְאָרֶרְ יָמִים: כא הַשִּׁיבַנוּ יְהֹוֶה אֵלֶירּ וַנַשׁוּבַה חַרֵשׁ יַמִינוּ כִקַרם: רַלַ כָּי אָם־מָאָׂס מְאַסְתָּנוּ קָצַפְּתָּ עָלֵינוּ ער־מאָר

12 Ministers by their hand were hung. Elders' faces shown no majesty / respect.

13 Boys would carry a millstone, and youths, stumbling with wood.

14 Elders ceased from gate, boys from their play.

15 Our heart ceased / stopped any joy, our dance overturned into mourning.

16 The crown on our head is fallen; Oy for us! For we sinned.

17 For this our heart was sickened. For these our eyes darkened.

18 For Mount Zion, that was desolated, foxes went through her.

19 You, YHVH will sit for all world-time, Your throne (lasts) for generations.

20 Why would you forget us forever? Abandon us for the span of time's days?

21 Turn us, YHVH, toward you, and we will turn. Renew our days, like long before,

22 for (what) if rejecting you did reject us / loath us, were enraged over us, so very much—!

CHAPTER 5

אָ זְכַּר יְהֹוָה מֶה־הָיָה לָּנוּ הַבִּיטַה וּרָאֵה את־חרפתנוי ך נַחֲלָתֵנוּ נֵהַפִּכָה לְזָרִים בַּתֵינוּ לְנַכְרֵים: לַ יְתוֹמֵים הָיִינוּ וְאֵיֵן אָב אמתינו כאלמנות: ד מֵימֵינוּ בִּכֵסֶף שָׁתִּינוּ עַצֵינוּ בַּמְחֵיר יַבָּאוּ: ד על צוארנו נרוּפנוּ יַגַעָנוּ וִלְא הְוּנַח־לֶנוּי ו מצרים נתנו יַד אשור לשבע לחם: ז אבתינו חַטְאוֹ וְאֵינַם וַאַנַחַנוּ עֵוֹנֹתֵיהֵם סָבָלְנוּי רן עבַדִים מַשָּלוּ בַּנוּ פרק אין מידם: ס בְּנַפִּשֵּׁנוּ נַבֵיא לַחְמֹנוּ מִפַּנֵי חַרֵב הַמִּדְבַּר: ל עוֹרֵנוּ כִתַנְּוּר נִכִּלֶּרוּ מִפָּנֵי זַלֶעפוֹת רַעַב: לא נָשִׁים בְּצִיּוֹן עַנֹּוּ בַּתַלָּת בַּעָרֵי יְהוּדָה:

1 YHVH, remember what was ours. Look, and see our abuse / our shame!

2 Our inheritance overturned to strangers, our houses to foreigners.

3 We were orphans, there is no father, our mothers like widows.

4 Our water we drank for money; our wood came (only) with a price.

5 On our neck were we pursued, weary, and none would let us (rest).

6 Egypt, we stretched a hand, Assyria, to satisfy bread.

7 Our fathers sinned and are not, and we shouldered their iniquities.

8 Slaves ruled us.

None can break us out from their hand.

9 For our lives we bring our bread, from before the wilderness's sword.

10 Our skin like a furnace, glowing, from before the delirium of hunger.

11 Women in Zion were victimized, girls, in Judah's towns.

Some notes on the theology of *Eikhah*:

- 1. Tish'a B'Av could not be more relevant than it is today, when the crisis of war refugees and fear of terrorism have overwhelmed the political process in so many countries. We think of Tish'a B'Av as a time of mourning, but it is more importantly a call to identify with the experience of refugees who are forced to risk their lives and even their children's lives in order to escape violence, hunger, devastation. That's what the Jewish people went through when the Temple, and the nation and society it stood for, were destroyed, when they became "like deer, not finding a place to graze, walking without strength before a pursuer." (1:6)
- 2. The idea that tragedy and disaster are punishment for sins seems alien to many modern Jews. This is also why it can be hard to connect the Holocaust with Tish'a B'Av. But this theology can also be consoling, because it allows people to find meaning in tragedy.
- 3. The author(s) of *Eikhah* (traditionally Jeremiah) believed that what happened Jerusalem expressed divine judgment. For our ancestors, the choice was to believe either that the destruction was God's punishment, or that God no longer cared about what happened to them. It is easy to imagine people choosing a punishing God over an uncaring God (though the latter possibility is also suggested in the last verse of Eikhah). Even though Eikhah sounds like it's about God punishing us, it's not really a theodicy, a justification of God. Rather, it expresses the hope that tragedy proves that God cares about us, instead of proving the opposite.

- 4. That doesn't mean we need to accept that theology - even in Eikhah itself, this idea is questioned. Only in chapter three is Zion's destruction consistently seen as fair and just punishment. In all the other chapters, the degree of divine punishment is described as excessive and abusive. In every chapter, the poet begs God to pay attention: "See, YHVH, and look: to whom did You deal thus? If women will eat their fruit, coddled babes - !"(2:20; also 1:9, 1:11, 1:20, 3:63, 4:16, 5:1). It's as if other people could see and understand the tragedy that unfolded (1:12), but God could not.
- 5. This suggests one way to confront the images of sexual abuse in Eikhah: "All who honor her despise her, for they saw her nakedness." (1:8; also 1:10, 4:21, 5:11) In the prophets, such abuse is a metaphor for the "just" punishment that follows Israel's "adulterous" pursuit of other gods. But in Eikhah, the metaphor is used to hold up a mirror to God, to show that the punishment was intolerably abusive.
- 6. The real theology of Eikhah is summed up in the verse, "What can I compare to you, daughter Jerusalem, that I may comfort you?" (2:13) What images, what words, can help people bear the memory of tragedy? The poet is willing to say whatever is needed to enable the people to find meaning.
- 7. There is another way to understand the destruction of Jerusalem. According to Jeremiah, the reason for the exile was that Israel did not let the land rest every seven years after they entered the land. (2 Chron. 36:21) Since 490 years had passed without a sabbatical year, Israel had to go into exile for 70 years.

Hashiveinu Adonai elekha אליך v'nashuvah Chadesh yamenu לְבְינוֹ בּיִנוֹנוֹ Chadesh yamenu כקדם: k'kedem

Some more songs:

Shifkhi kamayim libeikh nokhach p'nei Hashem

Pour out your heart like water right before Hashem

Yehudah l'olam teishev, Yerushalayim l'dor vador

Judah will dwell for all time. Jerusalem for generations

By the waters of Babylon we sat down and wept for thee Zion We remember thee Zion

Nachamu 'ami. Anokhi hu m'nachemchem

Take comfort my people I am the one who comforts you

Eli Tsiyon v'areha k'mo ishah v'tsireha v'khivtulah chagurat sak al ba'al n'ureha

My God, Zion and her towns, like a woman in travail, like a virgin wearing sackcloth for the husband of her youth

Turn us,

YHVH, toward you,

and we will turn.

Make our days new again,

like dawn / long ago.

The observances of Tish'a B'Av

The observances of Tish'a B'Av—not wearing fresh clothes, not washing, fasting from eating and drinking and sexual contact, not greeting each other, not sitting anywhere except on the ground—are closer to the experience of being a refugee than to being a mourner. The destruction of the Temple stands not just for the destruction of Jerusalem, but for the city being turned into a war zone, and the people becoming prey to hunger, violence, and death. Tish'a B'Av is not primarily about the Temple - Chaza"l, the rabbis, figured out how to live without the Temple long ago. Rather, Tish'a B'Av is about homelessness, fleeing from war into famine, being thrown into a hostile world without shelter or protection - things all too present in our world. It's an opportunity empathize, to confront the ways we abuse our power, as individuals, as a society, as a people, and as a species, turning other people and other species into refugees.



City Shelter, Kathe Kollwitz, 1926, public domain

- 8. What does this mean? The Torah portrays the land as a subject with rights and interests that take priority over our needs. Especially in the flood story and the laws of Jubilee and sabbatical years (Lev. 25)—and in the consequences that are supposed to befall the people if they do not observe these laws (Lev. 26)—the Torah teaches that God will take the side of the land against the people if forced to. The land will "enjoy her Sabbaths" (Lev. 26:34,43) – even if that means the people are exiled or wiped out. From the divine perspective, the land can sue for justice. What has intrinsic value is not humanity but justice, which is humanity's potential. See: neohasid.org/torah/genesis-shmitah
- 9. The Torah outlines six curses for not observing the sabbatical year that describe an unraveling relationship between people and land. Two curses involve children being eaten - by wild animals (v.22), then by their parents (v.29). That image is repeated in *Eikhah* (2:20, 4:10), and it is the main connection between Eikhah Leviticus. The final curse in Leviticus is that "you will be lost in the nations and the land of your enemies will eat you" (v.38). The last curse does not sound like the worst. But if the land eats us, this represents a complete reversal of the right relationship between the people and the land.
- 10. In ancient times, people believed that the Temple existed to promote fertility and abundance. Temple rituals were performed for the sake of the land and for all life, not just for the Jews or even for all humanity. The Temple's purpose had already been destroyed by the way people treated the land.

- 11. The idea that destruction came because of how the Jewish people treated the land is not found in Eikhah, where identification of the land with the people is total. Instead, Jerusalem's downfall results from the moral downfall in relationships between human beings. In Jeremiah too, the fate of Jerusalem is sealed only after the rich, who briefly set their slaves free, re-enslave them when it looks like the danger has passed. (Jer. 34) How we treat the stranger, the poor, the refugee, is what determines if we have the right to be in the land.
- 12. Creation is compared to a sacred Temple (Tanchuma Pekudei, P'ri Eitz. Hadar). In an age when our ecological "sins" are coming home to roost, the connection between natural disaster and divine retribution is not farfetched. However, when the Jerusalem Temple was destroyed, there were other lands to flee to. If we destroy the Temple that is this Earth, there will be no place to flee. (Cantor Richard Kaplan's Kinah L'churban Gan Eden, on neohasid.org, can help you focus on this theme.)
- 13. We can expect more wars over resources, as well as people fleeing areas that have flooded or become deserts, as climate change puts more pressure on our ecosystems and our social systems. We need all the spiritual resources we can muster to stay open to the humanity of the refugee and the stranger while also taking care of each other. Eikhah is an invitation to move towards justice for all people, for all species, and for the land herself.

Rabbi David Mevorach Seidenberg 2018/5778. Some of this material is taken from Kabbalah and Ecology.